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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/767,000	01/28/2004	Douglas T. Bell	024.0011 (03-0088A)	5013	
29906 INGRASSIA F	7590 11/14/2007 FISHER & LORENZ, P.O		EXAMINER		
7150 E. CAME	ELBACK, STE. 325		NGUYEN, TU X		
SCOTTSDALI	E, AZ 85251		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2618		
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			11/14/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/767,000	BELL ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit	-			
		Tu X. Nguyen	2618				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication a r Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17	October 2007.					
		his action is non-final.					
3)□	·						
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims		•				
4)🖂	P)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>31-35</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) <u>20-28</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-5,8-15,18,19,29 and 30</u> is/are rejected.						
7)🖂	Claim(s) <u>6,7,16 and 17</u> is/are objected to.						
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
•	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 January 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	rection is required if the drawi	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d) .			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). 						
* \$	See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies n	ot received.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

Claims 1-2, 4-5, 8, 14-15, 18-19 and 29-30, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Sarraf (US Patent 6,574,794).

Regarding claim 1, Sarraf discloses a digital payload for processing a sub-band spectrum received on an uplink beam at a communications satellite, the digital payload comprising:

a digital channelizer configured to divide the sub-band spectrum into a plurality of frequency slices (see col.6 lines 4-6, "separate sub-band" corresponds to "frequency slices");

a digital switch matrix configured to route each of the plurality of frequency slices to at least one of a plurality of receiving ports (see fig.3, element 15, col.6 lines 4-9); and

a digital combiner (see fig.3, element 63) configured to communicate with the receiving ports to receive the plurality of frequency slices and to re-assemble the plurality of frequency slices to thereby form a plurality of output sub-bands for transmission on an output beam of the communications satellite (see col.5 lines 44-64).

Regarding claim 2, Sarraf discloses a digital regeneration module (see fig.3, element 60, col.5 lines 49-50) configured to demodulate at least a portion of the sub-band spectrum to extract a digital bitstream therefrom (see col.4 lines 60-65), to digitally process the bitstream, and to remodulate the bitstream after processing (see col.6 lines 1-19).

Regarding claim 4, Sarraf discloses the digital regeneration module is further configured to digitally process the bitstream by performing code division multiplexing (see col.6 lines 1-7).

Regarding claim 5, Sarraf discloses the digital regeneration module is further configured to digitally process the bitstream by performing access control (see col.6 lines 53-55).

Regarding claims 8 and 19, Sarraf discloses steps of monitoring the sub-band spectrum to identify changes in bandwidth consumption and adjusting the routing step in response to the changes to thereby improve the efficiency of the digital payload (see col.8 line 60 through col.9 line 10).

Regarding claim 14, Sarraf discloses an all-digital payload for processing a plurality of sub-band spectra received on a plurality of uplink beams at a communications satellite, the digital payload comprising:

a digital channelizer configured to divide each of the sub-band spectra into a plurality of data packets (see col.6 lines 4-6, "separate sub-band" corresponds to "divide sub-band");

a digital switch matrix configured to route each of the plurality of data packets to at least one of a plurality of receiving ports (see fig.3, element 15, col.6 lines 4-9);

an embeddable digital regeneration module in communication with the digital switch matrix, wherein the digital regeneration module is configured to demodulate at least a portion

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of the plurality of data packets to extract a digital bitstream therefrom, to digitally process the bitstream, and to remodulate the bitstream after processing (see col.5 lines 44-64); and

a digital combiner configured to communicate with the receiving ports to receive the plurality of data packets and to re-assemble the plurality of data packets to thereby form a plurality of output sub-bands for transmission on an output beam of the communications satellite (see fig.3, element 64).

Regarding claim 15, Sarraf discloses a method of processing a sub-band spectrum received on an uplink beam at a digital payload for a communications satellite, the method comprising the steps of: digitally dividing the sub-band spectrum into a plurality of frequency slices; routing each of the plurality of frequency slices to at least one of a plurality of receiving ports; and digitally processing at least a portion of the frequency slices; and digitally reassembling the portion of the plurality of frequency slices after processing to thereby form a plurality of output sub-bands for transmission on an output beam of the communications satellite (see fig.3, see col.5 lines 44-64).

Regarding claim 18, Sarraf discloses the routing step comprises simultaneously routing at least a portion of the plurality of frequency slices to multiple receiving ports to thereby implement a multi-cast function (see col.5 lines 44-54).

Regarding claim 29, Sarraf discloses means for processing a sub-band spectrum received on an uplink beam at a communications satellite, the means for processing comprising: means for dividing the sub-band spectrum into a plurality of frequency slices; means for routing each of the plurality of frequency slices to at least one of a plurality of receiving ports; and means for communicating with the receiving ports to receive the plurality

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of frequency slices and to re-assemble the plurality of frequency slices to thereby form a plurality of output sub-bands for transmission on an output beam of the communications satellite (see fig.3, see col.5 lines 44-64).

Regarding claim 30, Sarraf discloses a means for digitally regenerating the sub-band spectrum, wherein the means for digitally regenerating comprises means for demodulating at least a portion of the sub-band spectrum to extract a digital bitstream therefrom, means for digitally processing the bitstream, and means for remodulating the bitstream after processing (see col.5 lines 44-64).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sarraf (US Patent 6,574,794) in view of Ramesh et al. (US Patent 5,870,406).

Regarding claim 3, Sarraf fails to error correction.

Ramesh et al. disclose error correction (see col.3 lines 3-4). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Sarraf with the above teaching of Ramesh in order to detect errors and make correction of data packet.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sarraf 1(US Patent 6,574,794) in view of Sarraf 2 (US Patent 6,157,812).

Regarding claim 9, Sarraf 1 fails built-in test circuit.

Sarrf 2 disclose built-in test circuit (see col.8 lines 33-34). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Sarraf 1 with the above teaching of Sarraf 2 in order to provide a reliability self-test and initialization.

Claims 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sarraf 1(US Patent 6,574,794) in view of Campanella (US Pub. 2001/0012277).

Regarding claims 10-11, Sarraf fails an analog to digital (A/D) converter configured to receive the uplink beam and to produce the sub-band spectrum therefrom.

Campanella discloses an analog to digital (A/D) converter configured to receive the uplink beam and to produce the sub-band spectrum therefrom (see par.049). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Sarraf with the above teaching of Campanella in order to provide a converter to convert data to digital signal.

Regarding claims 12-13 Saraf fails to disclose a digital-to-analog (D/A) converter.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Sarraf with the above teaching of Campanella in order to provide a converter to convert digital signal to analog signal.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 20-28 are allowed.

Claims 6-7 and 16-17, objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Regarding claim 6, the prior art fails to teach "the digital regeneration module is further configured to digitally process the bitstream by performing network registration", as cited in the claim.

Regarding claim 7, the prior art fails to teach "the digital regeneration module is further configured to digitally process the bitstream by performing cryptographic manipulation of the bitstream", as cited in the claim.

Regarding claim 16, the prior art fails to teach "the steps of converting the analog uplink beam to a digital representation of the sub-band spectrum prior to the dividing step", as cited in the claim.

Regarding claim 20, the prior art fails to teach "an analog-to-digital (A/D) converter configured to convert the uplink beams to digital uplink equivalents", as cited in the claim.

Regarding claim 27, the prior art fails to teach "a backplane housing having a backplane bus; and a plurality of processing cards, each processing card comprising: a channelizer circuit configured to receive the sub-band spectrum and to divide the sub-band spectrum into a plurality of frequency slices", as cited in the claim.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed Tu Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-7883.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban, can be reached at (571) 272-7899. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

October 30, 2007